

THYATIRIDAE

CERANEMOTA FASCIATA



CATERPILLAR Mottled white, tan, black, and yellow; tail-end of abdomen typically held above the substrate.

ADULT Wingspan 4.0 centimeters. Forewings white to gray with wavy, black lines in the basal band and postmedian band.

ECOLOGY Caterpillars are common; feed on serviceberry during late spring. Adults are nocturnal; fly in late fall. Found in coastal wet forests in the Pacific western states.

THYATIRIDAE

LETTERED HABROSYNE - *HABROSYNE SCRIPTA*

CATERPILLAR Tan-golden orange and light brown mottled pattern; abdomen with a middorsal, longitudinal black line and transverse black bands, laterally with slightly curved black dashes. Head gold-orange.

ADULT Wingspan 3.8 centimeters. Forewings gray-brown with faint pink basal and submarginal lines and a zigzag postmedian line. Hindwings pale gray-brown and immaculate.

ECOLOGY Caterpillars are uncommon; feed on salmonberry. Adults are nocturnal; fly from midsummer to fall. Found in wet coastal forests; widely distributed in western North America.

THYATIRIDAE

PSEUDOTHYATIRA CYMATOPHOROIDES



CATERPILLAR Tan-gold-orange and light brown mottled pattern; abdomen with middorsal longitudinal black line. Head gold-orange.

ADULT Wingspan 4.2 centimeters. Forewings angular, pale gray-brown with narrow dentate basal, postmedian, and submarginal lines, some moths with a black basal band and subanal spot. Hindwings transition from light to dark gray toward the margin, immaculate.

ECOLOGY Caterpillars are uncommon; feed on thimbleberry. Adults are nocturnal; fly from late spring to late summer. Found most often in wet coastal forests; widely distributed in western North America.